

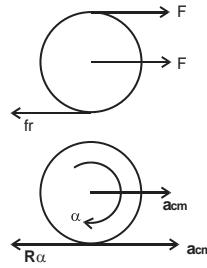
JEE(MAIN) PHYSICS-2 SOLUTION

Author- Pie Education

SOLUTIONS PHYSICS

1. (D)

$$2F - f_r = ma_{cm} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

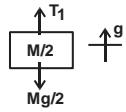


$$FR + f_r = \frac{1}{2}mR^2\alpha \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$a_{cm} = R\alpha \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

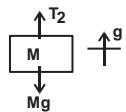
on solving equation (1), (2) and (3) we get $f_r = 0$

2. (A)



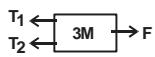
$$T_1 - \frac{M}{2}g = \frac{M}{2}g$$

$$T_1 = Mg \quad \text{--- (1)}$$



$$T_2 - Mg = Mg$$

$$T_2 = 2Mg \quad \text{--- (2)}$$



$$F - (T_1 + T_2) = 3Mg$$

$$F = 6Mg$$

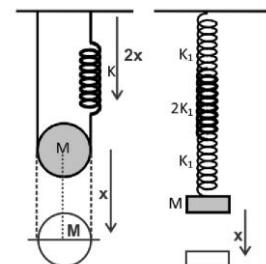
3. (C)

In both case time period of oscillation should be same

On displacing the block by x then F_{rest} in both case should be same

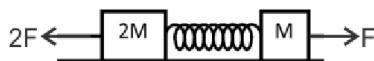
$$2 \times K(2x) = \frac{2K_1}{5}x \quad \frac{1}{K_{eq}} = \frac{1}{K_1} + \frac{1}{2K_1} + \frac{1}{K_1}$$

$$K_1 = 10 \quad K_{eq} = \frac{2K_1}{5}$$



4. (B)

$$x_{max} = 2 \left(\frac{m_1 \times F_2 + m_2 \times F_1}{K(m_1 + m_2)} \right)$$



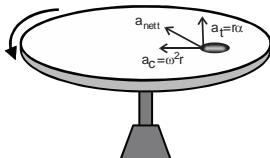
$$x_{max} = 2 \left[\frac{F(2m) + 2F(m)}{K(2m + m)} \right] = \frac{8F}{3K}$$

5. (D)

$$F_{nett} = \sqrt{N^2 + f_{smax}^2} = 0.5N$$

$$N = mg = 0.4N$$

$$f_{smax} = \mu N = 0.3N$$



$$f_{smax} = ma_{net}$$

$$\mu_s mg = m \sqrt{(r\alpha)^2 + (\omega^2 r)^2}$$